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COLOR-CODED GLOBAL TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS OF MARS, Sherman S. C.  
Wu, Annie E. Howington-Kraus, and Karyn Ablin, U.S.  
Geological Survey, Flagstaff, Arizona 86001

A Digital Terrain Model (DTM) has been derived with both Mercator and Sinusoidal Equal-Area projections from the global topographic map of Mars at a scale of 1:15 million and a contour interval of 1 km [1]. Elevations on the map are referred to the Mars topographic datum that is defined by the gravity field at a 6.1-millibar pressure surface with respect to the center of mass of Mars [2]. The DTM has a resolution at the equator of  $1/59.226^\circ$  (exactly 1 km) per pixel [3]. By using the DTM, we have generated color-coded global maps of Mars' topography in both the Mercator projection (Figure 1) and the Sinusoidal Equal Area projection (Figure 2). On both maps, colors indicate 1 km increments of height. From the equal-area dataset, the positive and negative elevation distributions are calculated to be 67% and 33%, respectively. The color-coded global topographic map in Mercator projection will be published as a USGS map.

References

- [1] U.S. Geological Survey, 1989, Misc. Inv. Ser. Map I-2030, 3 sheets.
- [2] Wu, S. S. C., 1981, Annales de Geophysique, Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Numero 1, Tome 37, p. 147-160.
- [3] Wu, S. S. C., and Howington-Kraus, A. E., 1987, LPS XVIII, p. 1108-1109.

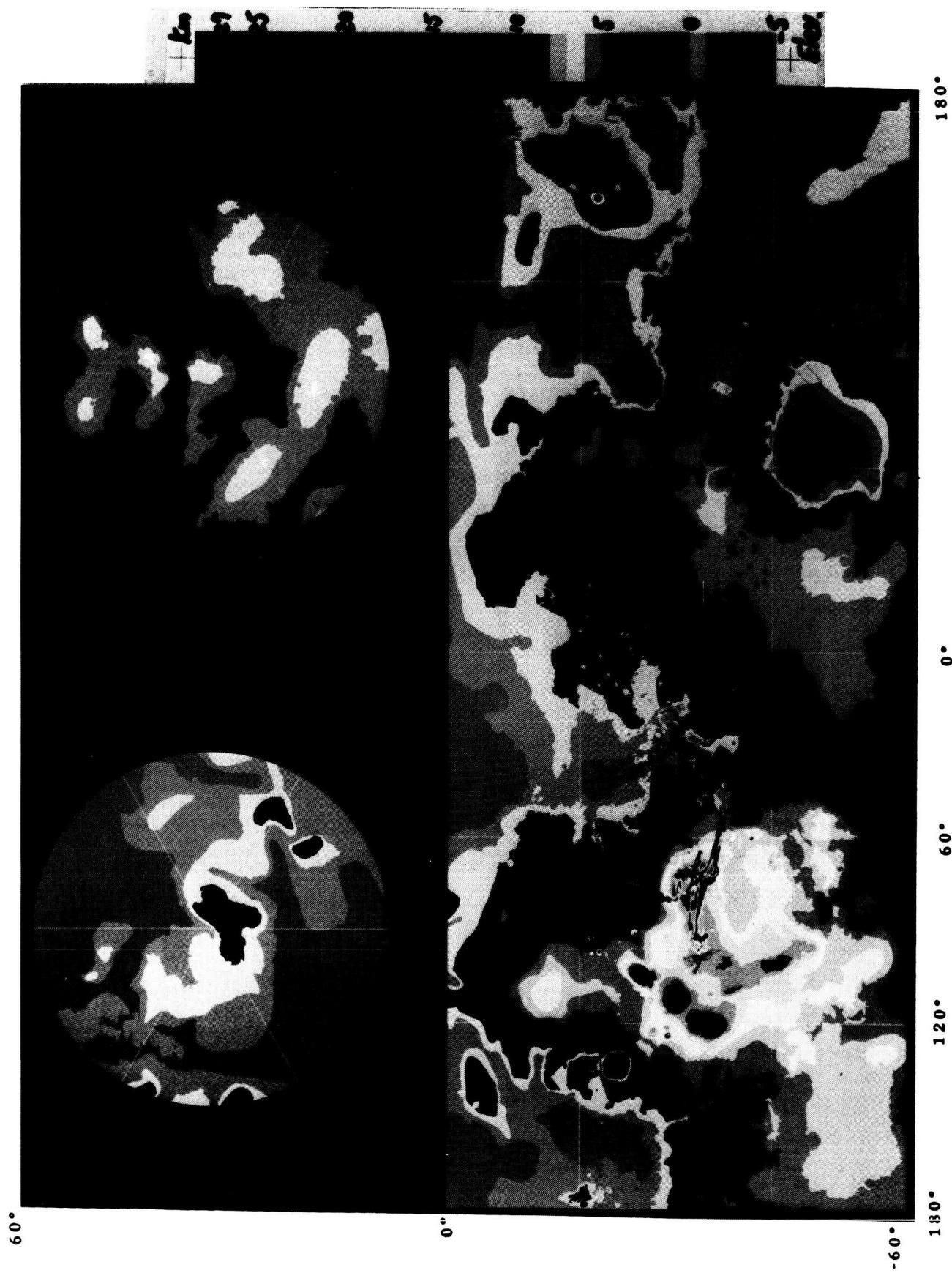


Figure 1: The global topographic map of Mars (Mercator projection)



Figure 2: The global topographic map of Mars (Sinusoidal Equal Area projection)